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**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

Bankers Insurance Company, a Florida corporation, et al.,

No. CV11-1804 PHX DGC

**Plaintiffs,**

## ORDER

V.

## Old West Bonding Company, LLC, et al.,

## Defendants.

Plaintiffs have filed a motion for default judgment pursuant to Rule 55(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure against Defendant Old West Bonding Co., LLC, dba Liberty Bail Bonds, LLC (“Liberty”). Doc. 35. No response has been filed, and the time for doing so has expired. For reasons explained below, the Court will grant the motion.

## I. Background.

Plaintiffs filed this case on September 14, 2011, after Defendant Liberty and others failed to honor the terms of a General Agency Agreement. On September 23, 2011, Plaintiffs filed an Amended Complaint after learning that Dominic Bocchicchio, a Defendant in the Complaint, filed bankruptcy. The Amended Complaint includes four causes of action, two of which pertain to Liberty (First Cause of Action and Second Cause of Action).

Liberty was served with the amended complaint on October 17, 2011. Doc. 15. On October 21, 2011, pro se Defendant Kaye D. O’Neal filed a document titled Answer of Defendants Old West Bonding Co., LLC and Kaye D. O’Neal. Doc. 16. The answer

1 purported to respond to the allegations in the Amended Complaint on behalf of both  
2 O'Neal and Liberty. On November 8, 2011, Plaintiffs filed a motion asking the Court to  
3 strike Liberty's answer on the grounds that it improperly appeared without counsel.  
4 Doc. 19. Subsequently, an order to show cause (Doc. 27) was issued striking Liberty's  
5 answer and giving Liberty until January 13, 2012 to respond to the Amended Complaint  
6 through counsel. *See Rowland v. Cal. Men's Colony, Unit II Men's Advisory Council*,  
7 506 U.S. 194, 201-202 (1993) ("It has been the law for the better part of two centuries . . .  
8 that a corporation may appear in federal courts only through licensed counsel."). Liberty  
9 has never filed an answer or otherwise responded to the Amended Complaint. On  
10 February 17, 2012 the Clerk of the Court entered default against Liberty based on its  
11 failure to respond to the Amended Complaint. Doc. 33.

12 **II. Plaintiff's Motion for Default Judgment.**

13 Plaintiffs' motion seeks default judgment against Liberty in the amount of  
14 \$391,690.50, representing losses incurred by Plaintiffs as a result of bonds issued by  
15 Liberty in the amount of \$377,831.50, prejudgment interest pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-  
16 1201(B), post-judgment interest pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1961, attorneys' fees in the  
17 amount of \$10,971.50, and costs in the amount of \$2,888.00. Because Defendant's  
18 default has been properly entered pursuant to Rule 55(a), the Court has discretion to grant  
19 default judgment pursuant to Rule 55(b). *See Aldabe v. Aldabe*, 616 F.2d 1089, 1092  
20 (9th Cir. 1980).

21 Factors the Court should consider in deciding whether to grant default judgment  
22 include (1) the possibility of prejudice to Plaintiff, (2) the merits of the claims, (3) the  
23 sufficiency of the complaint, (4) the amount of money at stake, (5) the possibility of a  
24 dispute concerning material facts, (6) whether default was due to excusable neglect, and  
25 (7) the policy favoring a decision on the merits. *See Eitel v. McCool*, 782 F.2d 1470,  
26 1471-72 (9th Cir. 1986). In applying these *Eitel* factors, "the factual allegations of the  
27 complaint, except those relating to the amount of damages, will be taken as true."  
28 *Geddes v. United Fin. Group*, 559 F.2d 557, 560 (9th Cir. 1977); *see Fed. R. Civ. P.* 8(d).

1           The first *Eitel* factor weighs in favor of granting Plaintiffs' motion because they  
 2 will be prejudiced if this case remains unresolved. Plaintiffs served Liberty more than  
 3 seven months ago. Doc. 15. Liberty has not answered or otherwise responded to the  
 4 complaint through counsel as required in federal court. If Plaintiffs' motion for default  
 5 judgment is not granted, Plaintiffs "will likely be without other recourse for recovery."  
 6 *PepsiCo, Inc. v. Cal. Security Cans*, 238 F. Supp. 2d 1172, 1177 (C.D. Cal. 2002).

7           The second and third *Eitel* factors favor a default judgment where the complaint  
 8 sufficiently states a claim for relief under Rule 8. *See Cal. Security Cans*, 238 F. Supp.  
 9 2d at 1175; *Danning v. Lavine*, 572 F.2d 1386, 1388-89 (9th Cir. 1978)). Plaintiffs'  
 10 Amended Complaint states plausible claims for relief. *See* Doc. 7.

11           Under the fourth *Eitel* factor, the Court considers the amount of money at stake in  
 12 relation to the seriousness of Liberty's conduct. *See Cal. Security Cans*, 238 F. Supp. 2d  
 13 at 1176. On October 12, 1998, Plaintiffs and Liberty entered into a General Agency  
 14 Agreement, pursuant to which Plaintiffs authorized Liberty to issue bail bonds  
 15 underwritten by Plaintiffs. The Agreement required Liberty to indemnify Plaintiffs  
 16 against any loss as a result of the issuance of bail bonds. Doc. 35 at 3-4. The Amended  
 17 Complaint alleges that Liberty issued bail bonds, Plaintiffs incurred losses as a result, and  
 18 Liberty has failed to meet its indemnification obligations. Given these allegations, a  
 19 default judgment in the amount of \$391,690.50 is reasonable. This factor weighs in favor  
 20 of a default judgment. *See Bd. of Trs. of Cal. Metal Trades v. Pitchometer Propeller*, No.  
 21 C-97-2661-VRW, 1997 WL 7979222, at \*1 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 15, 1997) (granting default  
 22 judgment where amount of money at stake was reasonable, justified, and properly  
 23 documented).

24           The fifth *Eitel* factor also favors a default judgment. Given the sufficiency of the  
 25 Amended Complaint and Defendant's default, "no genuine dispute of material facts  
 26 would preclude granting [Plaintiff's] motion." *Cal. Security Cans*, 238 F. Supp. 2d at  
 27 1177; *see Geddes*, 559 F.2d at 560.

28           Applying the sixth factor, the Court cannot conclude that Liberty's default is due

1 to excusable neglect. Liberty was properly served with the summons and Amended  
 2 Complaint pursuant to Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Doc.15. Liberty  
 3 initially attempted to appear through pro se defendant O’Neal, showing that it had notice  
 4 of this case. Liberty’s failure to respond thereafter cannot be attributed to excusable  
 5 neglect. *See Gemmel v. Systemhouse, Inc.*, No. CIV 04-187-TUC-CKJ, 2008 WL 65604,  
 6 at \*5 (D. Ariz. Jan. 3, 2008); *see also United States v. High Country Broadcasting Co., Inc.*, 3 F.3d 1244, 1245 (9th Cir. 1993) (holding that it was “perfectly appropriate” for the  
 7 district court to enter default judgment against a corporation that failed to appear in the  
 8 action through licensed counsel).

10 The final *Eitel* factor weighs against default judgment. “Cases should be decided  
 11 upon their merits whenever reasonably possible.” *Eitel*, 782 F.2d at 1472. But the mere  
 12 existence of Rule 55(b) “indicates that this preference, standing alone, is not dispositive.”  
 13 *Cal. Security Cans*, 238 F. Supp. at 1177 (citation omitted). Moreover, Liberty’s failure  
 14 to answer or otherwise respond to the complaint “makes a decision on the merits  
 15 impractical, if not impossible.” *Id.*

16 Having reviewed Plaintiffs’ motion and supporting exhibits, and having  
 17 considered the *Eitel* factors as a whole, the Court concludes that the entry of default  
 18 judgment is appropriate against Defendant Old West Bonding Company, LLC, dba  
 19 Liberty Bail Bonds, LLC, in the amount of \$391,690.50.

20 **IT IS ORDERED:**

21 1. Plaintiffs’ motion for default judgment (Doc. 35) is **granted**.  
 22 2. Default judgment is entered in favor of Plaintiffs and against Defendant  
 23 Old West Bonding Company, LLC dba Liberty Bail Bonds, LLC in the amount of  
 24 **\$391,690.50**. Plaintiffs may submit a form of judgment for the Court’s execution.

25 Dated this 13th day of July, 2012.

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David G. Campbell  
 United States District Judge